सत्यमेव जयते

Government of Rajasthan

SDG STATUS REPORT-2020

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND RAJASTHAN

सही आँकड़े, सतत् विकास

Directorate of Economic & Statistics, Planning Department
Rajasthan, Jaipur

Index

S. No.	Contents	Page No.
1.	No Poverty	1-5
2.	Zero Hunger	6-11
3.	Good Health And Well-Being	12-19
4.	Quality Education	20-26
5.	Gender Equality	27-32
6.	Clean Water And Sanitation	33-36
7.	Affordable And Clean Energy	37-39
8.	Decent Work and Economic Growth	40-46
9.	Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	47-51
10.	Reduced Inequalities	52-55
11.	Sustainable Cities and Communities	56-60
12.	Ensure Sustainable Consumption and production patterns	61-64
13.	Climate Action	65-67
14.	Life Below Water	68-70
15.	Life on Land	71-74
16.	Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	75-79
17.	Partnerships for the Goals	80-83

SDG 1 No Poverty

End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 1.1 : By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than $1.25 a day

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.1.1 : Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)	1.1.1 : Proportion of population living below the national poverty line.	• Total 102.9 lakh persons (14.7 %) in (2011-12) • Rural 84.2 lakh persons (16.1%) • Urban 18.7 lakh persons (10.7%) (Planning commission of the expert group to review the methodology for measurement of poverty Report, 2011-12)
-	1.1.2 : Poverty Gap Ratio	Rural-3.21 (2011-12), Urban -1.56 (Planning commission poverty Report, 2011-12)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.1.1 : Proportion of population living below the national poverty line.	-Total 102.9 lakh persons (14.7 %) in (2011-12) Rural 84.2 lakh persons (16.1%) Urban 18.7 lakh persons (10.7%) (As per Report of the expert group to review the methodology for measurement of poverty 2011-12)	Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana (DAY) - NRLM & NULM	%age of households covered under SHG	(Under NRLM) 14.51 % of Rural households covered under SHG (As computed HH 2011 Census Rural and Rjavika SHG group from Economic review 2018-19)
		Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana (DAY) - NRLM & NULM	% age of HH with access to bank credit	38.76% (Under NRLM) (Rajeevika progress report on Mar, 2019)
		MGNREGA	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA	89.03% of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA (2018-19) (MGNREGA Portal as on 29-08-2019)
		MGNREGA	%age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	% age of total persondays SC- 20.94%, ST- 22.23%, Women- 66.07% (2018-19) (MGNREGA portal as on 29-08-2019)
		Targeted PDS	%age of AAY and Priority HH covered under TPDS	AAY - 3.18% PHH - 49.66% (Food & Civil Supply department portal As on 05.12.2019)
1.1.2 Poverty Gap Ratio	Rural-3.21 Urban -1.56 (Planning commission poverty Report, 2011-12)	-		

Target 1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age		
1.2.2 Proportion of men,women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions		

Target 1.3 : **Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable**

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems by sex, distinguishing children unemployed persons, older persons,persons withdisabilities, pregnant women, new borns, work injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable.	1.3.1 : Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance.	
	1.3.2 : Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS)	35.38 Lakh (Purak Poshahar Programme) (ICDS Annual Progress Report July, 2019)
	1.3.3 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	83.16% (2018-19) (MGNREGA Portal as on 29-08-2019)
	1.3.4 : Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) formed and provided bank credit linkage	Number of SHGs credit linked - 40535 (2018-19) (NABARD - Status of Microfinance in India, 2018-19)
	1.3.5 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Maternity Benefit.	56.1%, (NFHS-4) & 85.36% (Under JSY scheme) (2017-18) (DMHFW progress report)
	1.3.6 : Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Old Age Homes/Day Care Centres funded by the Government	930 (14.10.2019) (SJE Deptt. report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.3.3 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	83.16% (2018-19) (MNREGA portal Portal as on 29-08-2019))	MGNREGA	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA	89.03% (2018-19) (MGNREGA portal Portal as on 29-08-2019)
		MGNREGA	%age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	% age of total persondays SC- 20.94%, ST- 22.23%, Women- 66.07% (2018-19) (MGNREGA Portal as on 29-08-2019)
		Atal PensionYojana	%age of workers in the unorganized sector covered under the scheme	6.98 lakh person (IF deptt. report) (31.08.2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
		Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana	% age of population covered under the Yojana	20.11 lakh (IF deptt. report) (31.08.2019)
		NSAP	%age of old getting pension	49.79 Lack Person (State +Center Scheme) (10 June. 2019) (SJE deptt. Report)
			% age of widows getting pension	17.27 Lack Person (State +Center Scheme) (10 June. 2019) (SJE deptt. Report)
			%age of disabled getting pension	4.81 Lack Person (State +Center Scheme) (10 June. 2019) (SJE deptt. Report)

Target 1.4 : By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	1.4.1 : Proportion of population (Rural) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets)	86.7 % of Rural Households with access to main source of drinking Water (Tap water/Well/Hand pump/ Tube well/Borehole) 19.6% of Rural Households have Latrine facility within the premises (Census-2011)
	1.4.2 : Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets)	95.8 % of Urban Households by main source of drinking Water (Tap water/Well/Hand pump/Tube well/ Borehole) 82.0 % of Urban Households have Latrine facility within the premises (Census-2011)
	1.4.3 : Proportion of population (Urban/Rural) living in households with access to Electricity	100% (Energy Dept. report as on 03.09.2019)
	1.4.4 : Proportion of homeless population to total population	0.26% (census 2011)
	1.4.5 : Proportion of population having Bank accounts	99.99% of total HH (U & R) have already under PMJDY (31.08.2019) (IF Deptt. report)
	1.4.6 : Number of mobile telephones as percentage of total population	85.13% (TRAI report, Press release and computed Mar. 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.4.1 : Proportion of population (Rural) living in households with access to Safe drinking water &	86.7 % of Rural Households with access to main source of drinking Water(Tap water/Well/ Hand pump/Tubewell/Borehole) 19.6% of Rural Households	PMAY (R)	% age of HH covered in rural areas	Total Houses 638958 completed in rural areas (11 July 2019) (http://rhreporting .nic.in/)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
Sanitation (Toilets)	have Latrine facility within the premises (As per Census-2011)	SBM (R)	%age of households covered by IHHL (rural)	100% (Portal sbm.gov.in 11 july 2019)
		National Rural Drinking Water Programme	Proportion of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	50.72% (2018-19) (PHED Deptt. report)
1.4.2 : Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets)	84.4% (PHED department 01.04.2019) 90% of Urban Households using improved sanitation facility (LSG deptt. report)	PMAY (U)	% age HH covered in urban areas	36% of houses occupied to houses involve (Portal PMAY (u) July, 2019)
		SBM (U)	%age of households covered by IHHL (urban)	99.41% Toilet constructed (LSG annual report 2018-19)

Target 1.5 :By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and and directly affected persons attributed to disaster per 100,000 population	1.5.1 : Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disaster per 100,000 population	Total perosns dead due to Drifting/Drowning-07, Lightning-10 and Persons effected 72.5 lakh due to Extent of Scarcity in 2018. (Disaster management & Relief department Annual progress Report 2018-19)
1.5.2 Direct economic loss attributed to disaster in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)	1.5.2 : Proportion of States that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster reduction strategies	Yes, State has a state disaster management plan.
1.5.3 Number of countries that adopt and implemen national with national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the sendial framwork for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030		
1.5.4 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies		

Target 1.(a) : **Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions.**

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.a.1 Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government directly to poverty reduction programmes	1.a.1 : Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government (Central & State) directly to poverty reduction programmes	
1.a.3 Sum of total grants and non-debt creating inflows directly allocated to poverty reduction programmes as a proportion of GDP		

Target 1.(b) : Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status	
1.b.1 Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups	1.b.1 : Proportion of budget earmarked under pro-poor gender specific budgeting.	About 30% of non-plan and 42% of plan budget is spent on gender component in Raj. as per 2016-17 budget review (WED deptt. data)	37

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	DES(14)	3	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.4.4	
2	DMHS(32)	2	1.3.5	1.3.1
3	ENERGY(37)	1	1.4.3	
4	ICDS(71)	1	1.3.2	
5	IF(4)	1	1.4.5	
6	PHED(22)	2	1.4.1, 1.4.2	
7	RD(3)	2	1.3.3, 1.3.4	
8	SJE(27)	1	1.3.6	
9	WED(26)	1	1.b.1	
10	Disaster management and relief rajasthan	2	1.5.1, 1.5.2	
11	Planning Department	2	1.a.2	1.a.1
12	TRAI(99)	1	1.4.6	
	Total	**19**	**17**	**2**

****

SDG 2 Zero Hunger

End Hunger, Achieve Food Security and Improved Nutrition And Promote Sustainable Agriculture

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 2.1 : By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.1.1 Prevalence of under-nourishment	2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight	31.5% (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)
2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)	2.1.2 Proportion of Population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices	61.17% (465.81 lakh beneficeries, NFSA progress report 2018-19) (761.46 Projected Population, July 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
2.1.2 : Proportion of Population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices	61.17% (465.81 lakh beneficeries, NFSA progress report 2018-19) (761.46 Projected Population, July 2019)	Targeted PDS	%age of BPL HH covered under TPDS	100%

Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age.	2.2.1: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted.	36.8% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight).	2.2.2: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted.	14.3% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
-	2.2.3: Percentage of Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI<18.5 kg/m^2).	27% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
-	2.2.4: Percentage of Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl).	46.6% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
-	2.2.5: Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)/	60.3% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
2.2.1 : Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted	36.8% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)	National Health Mission	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted.	36.8% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
			Percentage of children under 5 years who are underweight	31.5% (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)
			Prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding for children < 6 months	58.2% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
		ICDS	Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
			Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
			Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
		Nat.Nutrition Mission	Percentage of children aged 0-3 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
2.2.2 : Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	14.3% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)	National Health Mission (R&U MoHFW)	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	14.3% (Comperhensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
			Percentage of children under 5 years who are underweight	31.5% (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)
			Prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding for children < 6 months	58.2% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
		ICDS (WCD)	Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services; ;	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
			Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
			Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)
		National Nutrition Mission	Percentage of children aged 0-3 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)

Target 2.3 : By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.3.1 Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming /pastoral/ forestry enterprise size	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield per hectare)	Bajara-881 Wheat-3698 Gram- 1074, Rap & Mustered-1614 (2017-18)
2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status	2.3.2: Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker	79825 (DES report, 2015-16)
-	2.3.3: Ratio of institutional Credit to Agriculture to the Agriculture output.	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
2.3.1 : Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield per hectare)	Bajara-881 Wheat-3698 Gram- 1074, Rap & Mustered-1614 (2017-18)	Soil Health Card Scheme	No. of soil health card tested	28.62 lakh soil sample tested 07-06-2019 (Agriculture Deptt. report)
		Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana	%age of gross cropped area with insurance coverage	36.56% (In Rabi Season) 28.92% (In Kharif Season) (2018-19) (Agriculture Deptt. report)
			%age of farmers covered under PMFBY	38.19% (In Rabi Season) 54.47% (In Kharif Season) (2018-19 till date 10.06.2019) (Agriculture Deptt. report)
			%age of farmers availing crop loans	Nil (As per deptt. report 4.5.2018)
		Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses in 2016-17 over 2015-16 is Wheat -10.61 %, Rice- 13.20% Pluses- 15.53 %
		Nat. Food Security Mission	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses in 2016-17 over 2015-16 is Wheat -10.61 %, Rice- 13.20% pluses- 15.53 %
2.3.2 Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker	79825 (DES report, 2015-16)			

Target 2.4 : By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture	2.4.1: Proportion of degraded land to net sown area	68.68% (2014-15) (Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land) (Agriculture statistics at a glance, 2018)
-	2.4.2: Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card	There are 76.55 Lac land holdings in Rajasthan. 202.60 Lac SHC (Total cycle I & II) have been distributed in (264.66%) up to 04.10.2019 (Agriculture deptt. report Oct., 2019)
-	2.4.3: Percentage of net area under organic farming	0.5% (Agriculture deptt. report 10-05-2019)

Target 2.5 : By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.5.1 Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities	2.5.1: Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene bank	MoS&PI
2.5.2 Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not-at-risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction	2.5.2: Conservation of germplasm (in number)	MoS&PI
-	2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource (in number)	MoS&PI

Target 2.a : Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures	2.a.1: Percentage share of expenditure in R&D in agriculture to GVA in agriculture.	MoS&PI
2.a.2 Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector	2.a.2: Proportion of public investment in Agriculture to GVA in agriculture.	MoS&PI

Target 2.b : Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.b.1 Agricultural export subsidies	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 2.c : Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.c.1 Indicator of food price anomalies	2.c.1 : Percentage of Agriculture Mandis enrolled in e-market	95.83% (138 APMCs out of 144 APMCs are sanctioned in e-National Agriculture market scheme) (Agriculture Marketing Report)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1	Percentage of Agriculture Mandis enrolled in e-market	17.61%	50%	75%	100.00%
2	Percentage of underweight children aged<5 years	36.70%	33%	15%	0.00%
3	Proportion of Population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices	450.00 Lakh	100%		
4	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted	39.10%	36%	15%	0.00%
5	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	23.00%	20%	10%	0.00%
6	Percentage of Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI<18.5 kg/m2)	27.00%	24%	10%	0.00%
7	Percentage of Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)(%)	46.60%	43%	20%	0.00%
8	Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)(%)	60.30%	57%	25%	0.00%
9.	Artificial Insemination	38.61 Lakhs	85 Lakhs	100 Lakhs	132 Lakhs
10.	Infertility camps	37.77 thousand	40 thousand	45 thousand	60 thousand
11.	Castration	4.79 lakhs	6 lakhs	7 Lakhs	8 Lakhs
12.	Capacity Building	4.56 Thousand	6 Thousand	8 Thousand	11 thousand
13.	Vaccination	394.70 Lakhs	500 Lakhs	550 Lakhs	600 Lakhs
14.	Live Stock Insurance	26.07 Thousand	35 Thousand	50 Thousand	100 Thousand

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Agriculture & Marketing(85)	1	2.c.1	
2	Agriculture (18)	7	2.3.1, 2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.4.3	2.3.3, 2.5.1, 2.5.2
3	Medical health and family welfare	6	2.1.1, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.2.3, 2.2.4, 2.2.5	
4	DES(14)	3	2.3.2	2.a.1, 2.a.2
5	Fisheries department	1		2.5.3
6	Food (38)	1	2.1.2	
	Total	**19**	**13**	**6**

****

SDG 3 Good Health And Well-Being

Ensure Health Lives And Promote Well-Being For all at all Ages

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Latest Status
3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio	186 per lakh live births (Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2015-17)
3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	3.1.2 Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years)	86.6% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.1.3 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 years)	98.4% (As per SRS 2017)
	3.1.4 Percentage of women aged 15-49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received antenatal care, four times or more. (5 years/ 1 year)	38.5% (5 years) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.1.1 : Maternal mortality ratio	186 per lakh live births (Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2015-17)	NHM	%age of pregnant women with full antenatal care.	9.70% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			%age of pregnant women who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more.	17.30% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			%age of women receiving post natal care from a skilled health professional within 2 days of birth.	63.70% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
		ICDS	%age of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services.	100% (ICDS report)
			%age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition.	100% (ICDS report)
			%age of pregnant women vaccinated.	81.79% (Family planning Progress Report 2018-19)
		Matritva Sahyog Yojana/ Maternity Benefit Programme (WCD)	%age of pregnant women getting cash incentives under PMMVY(Rs. 5000)	100% (ICDS 2018-19) (Delivery in Govt. hospital)
3.1.3 : Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel. (Period 1 year)	98.4% (SRS 2017)	NHM	%age of delivery attended by skilled health professional.	98.4% (SRS 2017)

Target 3.2 : By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate	3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate	43 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2017)
3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate	3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate	27 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2017)
	3.2.3 Percentage of Children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	81.84% (2017-18) (Medical department report) 54.8% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.2.1 : Under-five mortality rate	43 (SRS Report, 2017)	NHM	Under five mortality rate	43 (SRS Report, 2017)
		NHM	%age of children in grade 3 malnutrition	0.10% (Dec. 2018, ICDS deptt. report)
3.2.2 : Neonatal mortality rate	27 (SRS Report, 2017)	ICDS	Neo Natal mortality rate	27 (SRS Report, 2017)
3.2.3 : Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	81.84% (2017-18) (Medical department report) 54.8% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)	NHM	%age of children fully immunized	81.84% (2017-18) (Medical department report) 54.8% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
		Routine Immunization Programme	%age of children partially immunized	Not available (As per deptt. report)

Target 3.3 : By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and Key	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0.04 (2017) (DMHS deptt. report)
3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	207 Total TB notification rate (TB India report 2019)
3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	0.073 Annual Parasite Incidence (API) of Malaria (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)
3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population	3.3.4 Viral Hepatitis (including A& B) incidence per 100,000 population	1.02 (Hepatitis A&E) (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)
3.3.5 Number of people requiring intervention against Neglected tropical Diseases (Dengue, Chikungunya, Kala-azar, Leprosy, Lymplatic Filariasis, Soil Transmitted Helminths, V Lieshmaniasis)	3.3.5 Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio (CFR)	0.14% (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)
	3.3.6 Number of Chikunguniya cases	235 Cases (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)
	3.3.7 Number of new cases of Kalaazar/ V Lieshmaniasis	0 cases (Eliminate in Rajasthan) (DMHS deptt. report)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	3.3.8 Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF)	0 cases (Eliminate in Rajasthan) (DMHS deptt. report)
	3.3.9 The proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy	2.21% (2018-19) (DMHS deptt. report)
	3.3.10 HIV Prevalence Rate	0.29% (Indian NACO HIV Sentinel Sureveillance report, 2016-17)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.3.1: No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population	0.04 (2017) (DMHS deptt. report)	National Aids Control Programme (NACO)	No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population	0.04 (2017) (DMHS deptt. report)
3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 1,00,000 population	207 Total TB notification rate (TB India report 2019)	Revised National Tuberculosis Programme	No. of incidence and No. of notified cases	207 Total TB notification rate (TB India report 2019)
3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1000 population	0.073 Annual Parasite Incidence (API) of Malaria (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)	National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme	Malaria incidence per 1000 population	0.073 Annual Parasite Incidence (API) of Malaria (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)

Target 3.4 : By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	3.4.1 Number of deaths due to cancer.	Under compilation
3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate.	5.0 (NCRB report on Accidental deaths & Suicides in india, 2016)
	3.4.3 Percentage distribution of leading cause groups of deaths	12.9% (MCCD-2017) Certain Conditions Originating in Perinatal Period - 23.8% Disease of Circulatory System - 19.4% Certain Infectious & Parasitic Diseases - 14.1% Diseases of Respiratory System - 13.7% (MCCD-2017)

Target 3.5 : Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders	3.5.1 Percenage of adults (15 + years) who have had at least 60 mililiter or more of pure alcohol on at least one occasion weekly (approximately equivalent to standard alcoholic drinks)	Women - 22.1 (Based on 25-49 unweighted cases) Men - 30.1 (% of population who drink alcohol About once a week out of total Population who drink alcohol) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol	3.5.2 Number of persons treated in de-addiction centers	7880 (14.10.2019) (SJE Deptt.Report)
	3.5.3 Percentage of poupulation (men 15-54 years and women 15-49) who consume alcohol	Women-0.1% (15-49) Men-15.9%(15-49) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 3.6 : By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries	3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic accidents	13.58 (Per one lakh Population) (SCRB, 2017)

Target 3.7 : By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	3.7.1 Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modren family planning methods	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1000 women in that age group	3.7.2 Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant	6.3% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.7.3 Proportion of institutional Birth (5 Year/ 1 year)	84% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 3.8 : Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, new-born and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population	3.8.1 Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use any morden family planning methods	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.8.2 Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditures or income	3.8.2 Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period	85% (Public Sector) 38% (Private Sector) (2017) (TB India report 2019)
	3.8.3 Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV	72% (2017) (NACO Sanaklak 2017 report)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	3.8.4 Proportion of population in age group 15-49 years who are currently taking antihypertensive medication among age group 15-49 with systolic blood pressure ≥ 140mmHg, or with distolic blood pressure ≥ 90mmHg	Women= 8.5 Men=13.4 (Prevalence of Hypertension among men and women age) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.8.5 Proportion of population in age group 15-49 years who are currently taking medication for diabetes (insulin or glycaemic control pills) among number of adults 15-49 years who are having rendom blood sugar level-high (> 140 mg/dl)	Men-3.4, Women- 2.2 (141-160 mg/dl (high) Men-2.4 Women-1.2 (>160 mg/dl (Very high) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.8.6 Proportion of women aged 30-49 years who report they were ever screened for cervical cancer and the proportion of women aged 30-49 years who report they were screened for cervical cancer during the last 5 years	18.9% (15-19) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.8.7 Prevalence of current tobacco uses among men and women aged 15-49 years	Woman - 9.0 Man - 39.6 24.7% (2017) (GATS-II Round)
	3.8.8 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population	49.93 (Doctor-40559+Ayush-18563+ANM-108688+RN&RM-200171+LHV-56367) National health profile-2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.8.8 : Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population	49.93 (Doctor-40559+Ayush-18563+ANM-108688+RN & RM-200171+LHV-56367) National health profile-2018)	RSBY	%age of districts covered under BSBY	100% (33 Districts)
			% BPL families covered under BSBY	100%
		National AYUSH Mission	Total no.of registered practitioners	Aayurved -10518 Unani- 1086 Yoag and Naturopathy-60 (Aayuved dep. Annual progress report, 2018-19)
		NHM (R&U)	% of Out of Pocket Expenditure under insurance schemes	May be available
		PM Jan Aushadhi Yojana	%age increase in the no. of Jan Aushadhi stores	Total Jan Aushdhi store 105 (As on portal http://janaushadhi.gov.in/StoreDetails.aspx 28.08.2019)

Target 3.9 : By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to unitentional poisoning	3.02 (Mortality Rate per 1,00,000 population) (Accidental deaths & Suicides in india, 2016)
3.9.2 Mortality due to unsafe water, sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)	3.9.2 Proporation of men and women reporting Asthma 15-49 years	Women-0.9%, Men-0.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.9.3 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning		

Target 3.a : Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.a.1 Age standarized prevalence of current tobacco uses among persons aged 15 years and older.	3.a.1 Prevalence of current tobacco use among men and women aged 15-49 years .	Woman - 9.0, Man - 39.6 24.7% (2017) (GATS-II Round)

Target 3.b : Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.b.1 Proporation of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme	3.b.1 Total net offical development assistance to medical and basic health sectors.	MoS&PI
3.b.2 Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors		
3.b.3 Proporation of health facilities that have a core set of relevant essential medicines available and affordable on a sustainable basis		

Target 3.c : Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution	3.c.1 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population	49.93 (Doctor-40559+Ayush-18563+ANM-108688+RN&RM-200171+LHV-56367) National health profile-2018)
	3.c.2 Percentage of public investment in Health as proportion to GDP	1.12% (Budget study 2019-20 & Economic Review 2018-19)

Target 3.d : Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.d.1 International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Maternal mortality ratio	244	172	139	70
2.	Births assisted by health personnel	86.6	90	93	95
3.	Under-five mortality rate	45	40	35	25
4.	Neonatal mortality rate	30	25	21	12
5.	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0.08	0.06	0.02	0.24
6.	Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	143	142	77	44 (in 2025)
7.	Viral Hepatitis cases (including A, & E)	536 (Hepatitis A & Hepatitis E)	321	160	54
8.	Prevalance Rate (PR) (of Leprosy)	0.16/10000 population	0.13	0.11	0.09
9.	Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	cardiovascular disease (CVD)-26%, Cancer-7%, DM-2% COPD-13%	10% Reduction of death due to non-communicable diseases (NCDs)	20% Reduction of death due to non-communicable diseases (NCDs)	28% Reduction of death due to non-communicable diseases (NCDs)
10.	Current use of family planning methods (any modern method)	53.5 %(married)	57.5%	59%	63%
11.	Institutional Births	84%	87%	90%	95%
12.	Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits	38.5%	50%	55%	70%
13.	Children aged 12-23 months who receive 3 doses of pentavalent vaccine before their first birthday	81.34%	85%	87%	92%
14.	TB Success fully cases trealed	State 90%	90%	95%	95% (in 2025)
15.	Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the number of estimated need for ART	58.47%	75%	80%	90%
16.	Percentage population in malaria-endemic areas who slept under an ITN the previous night	0.92%	An estimated Reduction in Malaria cases of 15-20% at the state level	An estimated Reduction in Malaria Cases of 30-35% at the state level	0 malaria cases
17.	Hypertension among adults (15-49 years)	Men-10.2%, Women-5.5% *	60%	75%	85%
18.	Blood Sugar level among adults	Men-3.5%, Women-5.7% *	60%	75%	85%

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
19.	Prevalence of tobacco use among population 15 & above	24.7% (2017)	24.00%	23.96%	19.38%
20.	Total Unmet need	12.3	12	11.5	10

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the Department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Medical health and family welfare (32)	36	3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.1.4 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.3.3, 3.3.4, 3.3.5, 3.3.6, 3.3.7, 3.3.8, 3.3.9, 3.3.10, 3.4.1, 3.4.3, 3.5.1, 3.5.3, 3.7.1, 3.7.2, 3.7.3, 3.8.1 , 3.8.2, 3.8.3, 3.8.4, 3.8.5, 3.8.6, 3.8.7, 3.8.8, 3.9.2, 3a.1, 3.c.1	3.b.1
2	Social Justice and Empowerment	1	3.5.2	
3	Police(8)	3	3.4.2, 3.6.1, 3.9.1	
4	DES(14)	1	3.c.2	
	Total	**41**	**40**	**1**

****

SDG 4 Quality Education

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote Lifelong learning opportunities for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators,Priority and Schematic)

Target 4.1 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	4.1.1 : Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education	Primary - 98.25% Upper Primary - 75.98% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.2 : Adjusted net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education	PS-98.25%, UPS-75.98% Secoudary-46.28% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.3 : Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education	Higher Secondary-56.82% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.4 : Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades	• Gr3-95.53%, • Gr5:93.70%, • Gr8:- 88.03%, • Gr10- 57.88% (NAS Report 2017)
	4.1.5 : Gross intake ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary)	• UPS- 83.22% • Secondary-80.85% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.6 : Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/ secondary levels	• Elementry - 75.27% • Secondary - 53.91% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.7 : Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)	• Elementry-2.32 % • Secondary & Sr. Sec-1.34% (Education Dep. Report, 2017-18)
	4.1.8 : Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks	6-14 years (RTE Dep. Report, 2009)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.1.1 : Net enrolment ratio in primary and upper primary education	Primary - 98.25% Upper Primary - 75.98% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)	National Education Mission (SSA, MDM, Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)	NER in Primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)	Total-98.25% (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report, 2018-19)
			NER in upper primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)	Total-75.98% (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority wise data not available) (Education Dep.Report, 2018-19)
			Proficiency in Maths & language at class 5 and 8 (National Achievement Survey NCERT)	Class 5 :- 65% Maths & 69% language at and Class 8:- 57% Maths & 67% language at and (NAS 2017)
			%age of children (SC/ST/Minorities) covered by scholarships pre matric	SC-214741 No. ST- 142848 No. (Sec. Education Bikaner Dep. Report, 2017-18)
			Density of primary schools per ten square km	3.05 Primary (UDISE 2018-19)
			Density of upper primary schools per ten square km	1.95 Upper Primary (UDISE 2018-19)
			Student Teacher Ratio	Primary-27.32 -UP.PR.-15.22 (Education Dep.Report, 2017-18)
4.1.7: Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary)	Elementry- 2.32 % Secondary &Sr. sec- 1.34% (As per UDISE Dep. Report 2017-18)	National Education Mission (SSA, MDM, Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)	%age of children in the primary and upper primary covered under MDM	100% (Class 1-8) In government school.
			Drop out ratio at primary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	5.42 (overall) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep.Report, 2018-19)
			Drop out ratio at Upper-primary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	2.94 (overall) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep.Report, 2018-19)
			Drop out ratio at Elementary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	4.58 (overall) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep.Report, 2018-19)
			Average Annual Drop out rate	Elementry- 4.58 Sec.& Sr. sec - 2.18 (Education Dep.Report, 2018-19)

Target 4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex	4.2.1 : Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry	16.54 lakh (ICDS Deptt. report (dec. 2018)
4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	4.2.2 : Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio	May be available

Target 4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university.

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex	4.3.1 : Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months	May be available
	4.3.2 : Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education	Higher Education enrolled- 1.00 (AISHE 2018-19)
	4.3.3 : Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education	(Higher Education enrolled) 23.0- All categories 20.0- SC, 21.3- ST (As per AISHE 2018-19)

Target 4.4 : By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.4.1 proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ict) skills, by type of skill	4.4.1 : Proportion of computer literate adults	MoS&PI

Target 4.5 : By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflictaffected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated	4.5.1 : Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities	Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities with reference to enrolment of all children (Govt. Management includes Department of Education Sanskrit Education KGBY, Shiksha Karmi Management & Madars Only) is 1:100 (1.08%) (Education Dep.Report, 2017-18)
	4.5.2 : Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/Higher secondary/Tertiary education	1.00 - All ctegories 0.93 - SC 0.92 - ST in highar Education (As per AISHE 2018-19)

Priority indicator	status	Intervention/ scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.5.1 : Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities	1:100 (1.08%) (Education Dep.Report, 2017-18)	National education mission (ssa, mdm, rashtriya madhyamik shiksha abhiyan)	%age of schools which are disabled friendly	100% Sr./Sr. Sec. School 96.45% Elementry school made barrier free (with Ramps, Hand Rails etc.) (Education Dept. Report 2018)
		Beti bachao beti padhao	No. of sukanya samriddhi accounts	May be available
		Pre/post matric scholarship for sc/st/obc/minorities	%age of sc/st/obc/ minorities students covered by scholarships Pre and Post Matric	No. of Pre matric scholership SC-214741, ST- 142848. (Sec. Education Bikaner Dep. Report, 2017-18) No. of Post matric scholership SC-196799, ST-168150 OBC-63795 (2017-18) (SJE Deptt. report)

Priority indicator	status	Intervention/ scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
		Hostels for/sc/st/obc girls & boys	No. of kasturba gandhi balika vidyalaya for sc	318 Kasturaba Gandhi Balike Vidyalaya (Raj. council of school edu. Dep.Annual Report 2017-18)
			No. Of residential and ashram schools for sc	3 (2016-17) (Raj. council of elementry edu. Dep.Annual Report)
			Babu jagjivan ram chhatrawas yojana	Hostels -423 Students-19747 (09-10-2019) (SJE deptt. report)
			Eklavya model residential schools for ST	32 School (TAD Deptt. Reports)

Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.6.1 proporation of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex	4.6.1 : Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years	81.73% (Census 2011)

Target 4.7 : By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; € basic drinking water; (f) singlesex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) Electricity; (b) Computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) Adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) Basic drinking water; (e) Single sex basic sanitation facilities; and (f) Basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	a-PS & UPS-48.52% - Sec. & Sr.Sec.-100% c-PS & UPS-68.66% Sec. & Sr.Sec.-72.70% d- PS&UPS 100% Sec.&sr.Sec.-100% e-PS, UPS, Sec.& Sr.Sec 100% f- PS & UPS &Sec.& Sr.Sec 100% (Shaladarshan 2017-18)

Target 4.b : By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.b.1 Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study	Ntional Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 4.c : By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing states.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.c.1 Proportion of teachers in: (a) Pre-primary; (b) Primary; (c) Lower secondary; and (d) Upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country	4.c.1 : Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (pre-primary, primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education)	PS- 94% UPS, Elementary, Secondary and Higher Secondary Education-100% (SSA jan.2016)
	4.c.2 : Pupil/trained teacher ratio by education level	Elementry-23.60 Secondary-22 (Education Dept. Report, 2017-18)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.c.2 : Pupil/trained teacher ratio by education level	Elementry-23.60 Secondary-22 (Education Dep.Report, 2017-18	SSA	Student Teacher Ratio	PS-27.32, UPS -15.22 Elementry -23.83 (Education Dept. Report, 2016-17)
			%age of Professionally Trained Teachers	May be available
		Teachers Education Scheme	%age of teachers trained under this scheme	May be available

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
2.	Net enrolment ratio (NER) elementary	83.59%	95%	98%	100%
3.	Net enrolment ratio (NER) Primary, Upper primary and Secondary education	PS-89.05% UPS-75.12% Secondary-42.19%	PS-90% UPS-80% Secondary-60%	PS-95% UPS-90% Secondary-80%	PS-100% UPS-100% Secondary-100%
4.	Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER), Higher Secondary	78.45%	90%	95%	100%
5.	Percentage of students in grade 3,5,8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades.				
	Grade-3				
	Grade-5	91.24%	95%	98%	100%
	Grade-8	49.86%	80%	90%	100%
	Grade-10	78.96%	100%	100%	100%
6.	Transition Rate (PS to UPS UPS to Secondary)	91.45%	95%	98%	100%
7.	Retention Rate	Elementary-57% Secondary-97.84%	Elementary-70% Secondary- 100%	Elementary-90%	Elementary-100%
8.	Drop-out Rate	Elementary- 6.36 % Secondary & Sr. sec3.52%	3%	1%	0%
9.	Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; € basic drinking water; (f) single sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)				
	(a) Electricity	PS & UPS-42% Sec.& Sr.Sec.-99.73%	PS & ups-70% Sec.&sr.Sec.-100%	PS & ups-80%	PS & ups-100%
	(b) The Internet for pedagogical purposes	PS & UPS-0 Sec.& Sr.Sec.-77.77%	PS & UPS-30% Sec.& Sr.Sec.-100%	PS & UPS-60%	PS & UPS-100%
	€ Computers for pedagogical purposes	4712 PS & UPS Sec.& Sr.Sec.-68250 (Avg. 5 computer per School)	100% PS & UPS Sec.& Sr. Sec.- (Avg. 15 computer per School)	100% PS & UPS Sec.& Sr. Sec.- (Avg. 15 computer per School)	100% PS & UPS Sec.& Sr. Sec.- (Avg. 20 computer per School)
	(d) Adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities	PS & UPS (63%)	80%	90%	100%
	€ basic drinking water	PS & UPS 100% Sec.&sr.Sec.-93.94%	PS & UPS 100% Sec.& Sr.Sec.-95%	PS & UPS-100% Sec.&sr.Sec.-100%	PS & UPS-100%, Sec. & Sr.Sec.-100%
	(f) Single sex basic sanitation facilities	100%	100%	100%	100%
	(g) Basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	100%	100%	100%	100%

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
	Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls	100%	100%	100%	100%
10.	Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (Pre-primary, Primary, Upper Primary, Elementary, secondary and higher secondary education)	PS-94% UPS-100%	PS-100% UPS-100%	PS-100% UPS-100%	PS-100% UPS-100%
11.	Pupil Teacher Ratio (PTR)	Elementary-23.83% Secondary- 22%	40%	60%	100%
12.	Literacy rate of Adults in the age group of 15 and above	73.69 Lakh (Up to March, 2017)	22.20 Lakh	51.31 Lakh	Total Literacy

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	DES(14)	1	4.6.1	
2	Education(66)	15	4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.1.3, 4.1.4, 4.1.5, 4.1.6, 4.1.7, 4.1.8, 4.2.1, 4.5.1, 4.a.1, 4.c.1, 4.c.2	4.2.2, 4.3.1
3	Higher Education(67)	3	4.3.2, 4.3.3, 4.5.2	
4	MoS&PI	1		4.4.1
	Total	20	17	3

****

SDG 5 Gender Equality
Achieve Gender Equality and Empower All Women and Girls

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex	5.1.1 Rate of crimes against women per every 100000 female population.	73.3 (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.1.2 Proportion of women subjected to dowry related offences to total crime against women.	45.74% 0 (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.1.3 Sex Ratio at Birth.	948 (Female per 1000 Male) (2018-19) (Medical department report) 887 (female per 1,000 male) (NFHS-4 2015-16)
	5.1.4 Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non discrimination on the basis of sex.	The state of Rajasthan is implementing various legislations to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non discrimination on the basis of sex, Pre-conception & Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Miscuse) Act, 1994 and its amendment of 2002; Right of children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009; Protection of children from sexual offences Act, 2012; Dowry prohibition Act, 1961 (amended in 1986); Immoral Traffic Prevention Act, 1986; Equal Remuneration Act, 1976; Protection of women from domestic violence Act, 2005; Sexual harassment of Women at the Workplace (prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, Rajasthan Prevention of Witch Hunting Act 2015, the prevention of child marriage act 2005. (As per WED Deptt. Report April, 2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.1.1 : Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population.	73.3 (Crime in India, 2017)	Mission for protection and Empowerment of Women (BBBP, One Stop Centre, Women Helpline, Hostels, SWADHAR Greh)	Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years)	888 (Census 2011)
			No. of Swadhar homes	3 (WED department report)
			No. of gender based violence cases reported (Cases under-Dowry Prohibition Act Domestic Abuse Act Immoral Traffic Prevention Act, Indian Penal Code)	25,993 cases (Crime in India, 2017)
			No. of One Stop Crisis Centre	23 (WED Report, Oct. 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			No. of States with Women Helpline	33 district have women helpline (WED Report on 9-04-2018)
			Gender Wage Gap	No Gender Wage Gap in Rajasthan (In Government sector) (Labour deptt. Report)

Target 5.2 : Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.2.1. Proportion of ever partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	5.2.1 Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year	10.59% (Crime in India, 2017)
5.2.2 proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons orhter than an intimated partner in the previous 12 months, by age and plance of occurrence	5.2.2 Proportion of sexual crimes against women to total crime against women during the calendar year	38.11% (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.2.3 Proportion of cruelty/ physical violence on women by husband or his relative to total crime against women during the calendar year	44.27% (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.2.4 Proportion of sexual crime against girls children to total crime against children during the calendar year	35.11% (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.2.5 Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year	4.18% (Crime in India, 2017)
	5.2.6 Percentage of currently partnered girls and women aged 15-49 years who have experience physical and / or sexual violence by their current intimate partner in the last 12 months	Physical sexual vilonce: 24.8% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	5.2.7 Child Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)	888 (As per Census 2011)

Target 5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18	5.3.1 Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (Early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against	0.12% (Crime in India, 2017)
5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women age 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/ cutting, by age.	5.3.2 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18	35.4% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 5.4 : Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public servies, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work by sex, age and location	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work	May be available.

Target 5.5 : Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliament and (b) local governments	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, state legislation and local self government	Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% (Only Rajasthan state seat ratio) Rajasthan Assembly-12.5% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% (DLB & PRI department report and Rajasthan Assembly portal)
5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	5.5.2 Number of women in board of listed companies	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.5.1 : Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, State legislation and Local Self Government	Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% (Only Rajasthan state seat ratio) Rajasthan Assembly-12% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% (DLB & PRI department report and Rajasthan Assembly portal)		Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government	Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% Rajasthan assembly-12% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)
			%age of women participation in decision making	81.70% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			Female Labour force participation in workforce	35.10% (WPR) (Census 2011)
			%age of non agricultural proprietary establishments owned by women	May be available
			%age of women directors in boards of corporate companies	May be available
			%age of women in civil services	May be available
		Stand Up India (DFS)	No. of Women beneficiaries under Stand-up India	May be available

Target 5.6 : Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.6.1 proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	5.6.1 Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning.	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
5.6.2 number of countries with laws and regulation that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education.	5.6.2 Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	12.3 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	5.6.3 Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of Hiv /Aids	Women: 70.2 Men : 86.0 (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.6.1 : Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning	53.5 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)	NHM	%age of women using modern method of planning	53.5 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 5.a : Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.a.1 (a) Proportion to total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure.	5.a.1 Operational land holdings - gender wise	In Lakh : • Male- 68.66 • Female- 7.75 • Total-76.55 (Ag. Census, 2015-16)
5.a.2 proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal girghts to land ownership and /or control.	5.a.2 Proportion of female agricultural labourers	56.83% (Census 2011)
	5.a.3 Wages of casual labourers (gender wise)	Minimum wages for Unskilled-213, Semiskilled-223 Skilled -233 Hhighly skilled-283 Rs. per day respectively with effect from 1.1.2018 (Minimum wages are not paid on gender descrimination) (Labour department report) june, 2019

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
	5.a.4 Agricultural wages (gender wise)	Average agricultural wages (gender wise) in Rs. is male= 348, female=301 Year 2018-19 (As on portal: rajas.raj.nic.in)
	5.a.5 Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	Women SHG account - 278981 (IF department report 31.08.2019)
	5.a.6 Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution	99.99% (Under PMJDY) (31.08.2019) (IF department report)
	5.a.7 Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution	47.83% (Almost 1.74 crore women headed families are presently (as on 15.10.2019) enrolled under Bhamashah scheme of Govt. of Rajasthan which are having at least one account at any financial institution. Projected Population - 3.64 Crore) (IF department report)
	5.a.8 Number of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults (Male & Female-wise)	Loan accounts Total - 87,53,969 Male - 66,70,313 Femal - 20,83,656 (31.08.2019) (IF department report)

Target 5.b : Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex.	5.b.1 Percentage of women employed in IT and ITeS industry	MoS&PI

Target 5.c : Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment.	5.c.1 Number of central ministries and state having gender budget cells (GBCs)	State of Rajasthan has established a Gender Budget cell in the Directorate of Women Empowerment Deptt. With the budget announcement of 2009-10. Gender desks have also been established in various departments since 2013.

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Availavle	Not Available
1	DES(14)	4	5.1.3, 5.2.7, 5.a.2, 5.a.4	
2	Medical & health department	3	5.6.1, 5.6.2, 5.6.3	
3	Agriculture department	1	5.a.1	
4	Police(8)	9	5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.2.4, 5.2.5, 5.2.6, 5.3.1	
5	Labour(6)	1	5.a.3	
6	Election department	1	5.5.1	
7	WED(26)	3	5.1.4, 5.3.2, 5.c.1	
8	MoS&PI(40)	3		5.4.1, 5.5.2, 5.b.1
9	IF	4	5.a.5, 5.a.6, 5.a.7, 5.a.8	
	Total	**29**	**26**	**3**

****

SDG 6 Clean Water And Sanitation

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	6.1.1 Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water within their premises.	Urban-74.97%, Rural-51.69% (Tap water) (PHED department 01.04.2019)
	6.1.2 Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural)	51.69% (Tap Water) (PHED Department Report As on 01-04-2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
6.1.1 : Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water.	88.9% (as per census 2011) (Tap water + well+ handpump + Tubewell)	Namami Gange Project	Capacity of sewage treatment projects created	Not applicable
			No. of industrial effluent monitoring stations	Not applicable
		Urban Drinking Water Programme	Prop. of urban habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	84.4% (01-04-2019) (PHED Department Report)
		National Rural Drinking Water Prog	Proportion of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	50.72% (01-04-2019) (PHED Department Report)

Target 6.2 : By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water	6.2.1 : Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	Urban-90% (LSG department report) Rural-100% (PR department report) 54% (NFHS-4 2015-16)
	6.2.2 Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target.	100% (MDWS annual report 2018-19)
	6.2.3 Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls	99.20% (UDISE Report 2016-17)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
6.2.1 : Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	Urban-90% (LSG department report) Rural-100% (PR department report)	SBM, PMAY (R&U)	%age of households covered by IHHL (rural)	100% (2017-18) (As on portal sbm.gov.in june 2019)
			%age of households covered by IHHL (Urban)	99.41% Toilet constructed (LSG annual report 2018-19)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			%of workforce in manual scavenging	2590 scavengers (20.08.2019)

Target 6.3: By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.3.1 Proportion of wastewater safely treated.	6.3.1 : Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies	MoS&PI
6.3.2 Proportion of bodies of water with good ambient water quality.	6.3.2 Percentage of industries (17 category of highly polluting industries/grossly polluting industry/red category of industries) complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms.	MoS&PI
	6.3.3 Proportion of waste water treatment capacity created vis-à-vis total generation.	MoS&PI

Target 6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.4.1 Change in water-use efficiency over time	6.4.1 Percentage Ground Water withdrawal against availability	139.88% (Dynamic ground water resources of India Report, 2017)
6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources.	6.4.2 Per capita storage of water (m3/person)	$29.87x10^9/(684.48x10^5$ =435.75m3/person (Water Resource deptt. report 05.11.2018)
	6.4.3 Per capita availability of water (m3/person)	$29.87x10^9/(684.48x10^5$ =435.75m3/person (Water Resource deptt. report 05.11.2018)

Target 6.5 : By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through trans boundary cooperation as appropriate.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.5.1 Degree of intergrated water resources management implementation (0-100)	6.5.1 Percentage area of river basins brought under integrated water resources management	MoS&PI
6.5.2 Proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrengement for water cooperation		

Target 6.6 : By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.6.1 Change in the extent of water related ecosystems over time	6.6.1 : Area under over-exploited blocks	63% - Blocks (Dyanamic ground water resources of India Report, 2017)

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
	6.6.2 Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers	MoS&PI
	6.6.3 : Biological assessment information of surface water bodies.	MoS&PI

Target 6.a : By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.a.1 : Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan	6.a.1 : Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan	5% every realese (NRDWP guidelines by MDWS , GoI & PHED Deptt. Report
	6.a.2 : Number of MoU/Co-operation agreements for capacity building and technology transfer	1(An MoU has been sign between tehd state Government of south australia and Government of Rajasthan on 9.8.2016 for establishment of the Raj. center of Excellence in Water Resource Management) (PHED Deptt. Report)

Target 6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.b.1 Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for local communities in water and sanitation management	6.b.1 Percentage of Developed Irrigated Command Area brought under Water Users Association(WUAs)	95.96% (Water resources dep. 2018-19)
	6.b.2 Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee [VWSC]	As per Panchayati Raj Institutions Act - 100% Gram Panchayat have constitute standing committee. (PR department report)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Proportion of Households having access to toilet facility (Urban & rural)	76.62 Lakh	80.07 Lakh	80.07 Lakh	80.07 Lakh
2.	Proportion of districts achieving open Defecation Free (ODF) target	22	33	33	33
3.	Percentage of School with separate toilet for girls	9891 (100% Coverage)	100%		
4.	50 percent reservation of women Elected Representatives in PRIs	70531 (56.49%)	50% of Total ERs	50% of Total ERs	50% of Total ERs
5.	Percentage of developed irrigation command and brought under Water Users Association (WUAs)	58.77%	80%	90%	100%
6.	Percentage of Irrigation Potential utilize (IPU) to Irrigation Potential creation (IPC) of major & Medium projects	64.87%	80%	90%	100%

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	PCB	1		6.3.2
2	Education(66)	1	6.2.3	
3	GWD(70)	2	6.4.1,6.6.1	
4	LSG(36)	3	6.2.1, 6.2.2	6.3.3
5	PHED(22)	4	6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.a.1, 6.a.2	
6	WR(19)	3	6.4.2, 6.4.3, 6.b.1	
7	PR	1	6.b.2	
	MoS&PI(40)	4		6.3.1, 6.5.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.3
	Total	**19**	**13**	**6**

******

SDG 7 Affordable And Clean Energy

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators,Priority and Schematic)

Target 7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity	7.1.1 Percentage of Households electrified	100% (Energy dep. Report)
7.1.2 Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	7.1.2 Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	86% Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel (IOC on 28-2-2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
7.1.1 : Percentage of Households electrified	100% (Energy dep. Report)	DDUGJY	No. of villages electrified	100% (Energy dep. Report)
			No. of BPL households electrified	410361 (100% Electrificed) (Energy deptt. 04.09.2019)
		UJALA	Total LED distributed	0.980 Lacs (Upto Aug. 2019-20) Total 163.3 Lac upto Aug. 2019 (Energy deptt.)
		Saubhayga Scheme	% of HH electrified	100% (Energy deptt. 04.09.2019)
		Integ. Power Dev. Scheme	No. of towns covered under IPDP	185 towns (Energy deptt. 04.09.2019)
7.1.2 : Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	86% Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel (as per IOC on 28-2-2018)	Prime Minister Ujjwala Yojana	%age of BPL households (women) given LPG connections	5909472 LPG connections (As on 11.07.2019 https://www.pmujjwalayojana.com/released-connections.html)
		PAHAL	No. Of beneficiaries given LPG subsidy under PAHAL	11091363 total no of beneficiaries given LPG subsidy (IOC report on 30.4 2018)

Target 7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	31.71% MW Mix capacity installed out of shared of renewable energy (Energy dept. report of 04/.09.2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
7.2.1 : Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	31.71% MW capacity installed shared in the total energy mixed (As per Energy dept. report of 04/.09.2019)	National Solar Mission	Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	11.44% (2018-19) (Economic review 2018-19)
		Green Energy Corridors	Circuit Kms of transmission line constructed	914 (49.83%) Ckm out of 1834 ckm transmission line commissioned (Energy dept. report of Aug. 2018)

Target 7.3 : By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP	7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP	MoS&PI

Target 7.a : By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.a.1 Official development assistance on clean energy	7.a.1 Official development assistance on clean energy	May be available

Target 7.b : By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.b.1 Investments in energy efficiency as a percentage of GDP and the amount of foreign direct investment in financial transfer for infrastructure and technology to sustainable development services	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Percentage of household electrified	80.00%	100%		
2.	Average Supply hours-Rural	22-23 Hours	23-24 Hours	24 Hours	
3.	Average Supply hours-Urban	24 Hours			
4.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Solar Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	47.2%	100%		
5.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Wind Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	95.51%	100%		
6.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Biomass Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	36.36%	100%		
7.	Enhancement of capacity of Renewable Energy based Power Plants	Latest Capacities are Solar –2063 MW, Wind – 4292 MW and Biomass –120.5 MW Total –6475.5 MW		Up to 2022 Total Capacity will be as Solar-5762 MW Wind-8600 MW Total-14362 MW	

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Energy(37)	4	7.1.1, 7.2.1	7.3.1, 7.a.1
2	Petroleum(74)	1	7.1.2	
	Total	5	3	2

****

SDG - 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 8.1 : Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at list 7 percent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita	8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita	5.80% (Constant Price 2011-12) (2018-19 Second Advance Estimates)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.1.1 : Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita	5.80% (Constant Price 2011-12) (2018-19 Second Advance Estimates)		GDP at factor cost (constant price 2011-12)	7.33% (Constant Price 2011-12) (2018-19 Second Advance Estimates)

Target 8.2 : Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person	May be available
	8.2.2 Total number of patents issued	180 Patent issued (S&T Deptt. june, 2019)
	8.2.3 Annual growth in manufacturing sector	6.90% (2018-19) (AE-II) (Constant Prices (2011-12)
	8.2.4 Annual growth in Agricultural Sector	2.48% (2018-19) (AE-II) (Constant Prices (2011-12)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.2.3 : Annual growth in manufacturing/ agriculture sector	Manuf .- 6.90% Agri. - 2.48% (2018-19) (AE-II) (Constant Prices (2011-12)	Make In India	Annual growth in manufacturing sector	May be available
		Start Up India	No. of startup registered and No. of Startup funded	611+ (DIPP Recognised startups) startupindia.gov.in
		Start Up India	No.of beneficiaries under Stand up India	May be available

Target 8.3 : **Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services.**

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	8.3.1 Proportion of unorganized employment in non- agriculture sectors .	43.60 % (M.I.-Percentage of hired workers in un-incorporated non-agricultural enterprises) NSO, MoSPI (Table 7 of Appendix A of Report 582 of NSS 73rd round during 2015 – 16)
	8.3.2 Coverage under ESI and EPS.	ESI - 12,58,410 (31.03.2018) (ESI Dept.)
	8.3.3 Coverage of NPS	4.52 Lakh http://pfrda.org.in
	8.3.4 No.of MSME Units registered under the online Udyog Aadhar registration	104584 (2018-19) (Industries deptt. report)
	8.3.5 Number of Start-ups recognized under Start-up India	May be Abailable
	8.3.6 Total number of patents issued	180 Patent issued (S&T Deptt. june, 2019)
	8.3.7 Growth of Registered micro, small and medium size enterprises	15.95% (2018-19) (Industries deptt. report)
	8.3.8 Total loans outstanding to Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises	155.58 Crore (As on 30.9.2018) (RIICO Deptt. Report)
	8.3.9 Outstanding Credit to Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises	77034.25 Crore (As on 31.08.2019) (IF department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.3.7 : Growth of Registered Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises	15.95% (2018-19) (Industries deptt. report)	Ease of Doing Business	FDI in India	Not Applicable
		MSME	%age employment in MSME; No. of Labour Identification nos. allotted	May be Available

Target 8.4 : Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.4.1 Material footprint, meterial footprint per capita amd material footprint per GDP	8.4.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	31.71% MW Mix capacity installed out of shared of renewable energy (Energy dept. report of 04/.09.2019)
8.4.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP	8.4.2 Per capita Fossil fuel consumption	MoS&PI
	8.4.3 Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste genereted	May be available

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	8.4.4 Proportion of sewage recycled vs. sewage generated	Waste water generated 1710 MLD Waste Water Treatment: 749.93 MLD Recycle: 404.55 MLD (23.66% waste recycled) (RUDSICO deptt. report)

Target 8.5 : By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation age and person with disabilities.	8.5.1 Unemployment rate	5% (Periodic Labour force survey) (2017-18)
8.5.2 Unemployment rate , by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	8.5.2 Workforce participation Ratio (WPR)	43.6% (Census 2011)
	8.5.3 Wages earned by male-female in regular / casual employment	Regular wage/ salaried employees Male-16823.16 Female-15975.09 (Rs. Per Month) Casual labour engaged in works other than public works Male-284.42 Female-271.01 (Rs. Per day) (PLFS, 2017-18)
	8.5.4 Number of employed persons with disabilities in public services	May be available
	8.5.5 Total population with disabilities covered under social protection Schemes	4,80,585 (State+Center Schemes) (10.06.2019) (SJE department report)
	8.5.6 Share of unemployed person in population aged 15-24 (percentage)	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.5.1 : Unemployment rate	5% (Periodic Labour force survey) (2017-18)	Prime Minister Rozgar Protsahan Yojana	No. of employers (including MSME) given incentive for promoting employment under this scheme	May be available
		Prime Minister Employment Guarantee Programn (MEGP)	No. of MSME unit set up	2350 kviconline.gov.in/pmegpeportal
			No. of Employment generated	18344 kviconline.gov.in/pmegpeportal
		National Career Service (NCS)	No. of student registered and no. of student given placement in National career Service (NCS) in Raj	6,85,334 job seeker registered (31-3-2018)
		National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme	No. of apprentices trained	3851 (As on 30.08.2019)
		Skill India - Prime Minister Kaushal Vikas Yojana, STAR, UDAAN	No. of people skilled under the programme	86741 (2018-19)
			No. of people given employment under the programme (PMKVY)	15464 (2018-19)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.5.2 : Workforce participation Ratio (WPR) .	43.6% (Census 2011)	Seekho & Kamao	No. of beneficiaries skilled under the programme	Nil (Deptt. letter 7-5-2018)
			No. of people given employment under the programme	Nil (Deptt. letter 7-5-2018)
		National SC/ST Hub	No. of SC/ST beneficiaries under the scheme	May be Available

Target 8.6 : **By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training.**

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training .	8.6.1 Unemployment Rate (15-24 years)	MoS&PI
	8.6.2 Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET)	MoS&PI

Target 8.7 : Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	8.7.1 Total crimes relating to Human Trafficking	316 cases (Crimes in India 2017)
	8.7.2 Number of missing children	Girls=1691, Boys =725 Total=2416 (Crimes in India 2017)

Target 8.8 : Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status	8.8.1 Number of workers covered under Employees State Insurance (ESI) Act.	12,58,410 (2017-18) (ESI Dept. Annual report)
8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual source and national legislation, by sex and migrant status.)	8.8.2 Number of migrants workers	MoS&PI
	8.8.3 Number of accidents in factories	Fatel-25, Non-Fatel-259 (2018) (Factories and Boilers Deptt. report 13 june, 2019)
	8.8.4 Employment generated under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	2942.46 lakh persons days generated (GoI website) 2018-19

Target 8.9 : By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in Growth rate	8.9.1 Percentage change in number of tourist (domestic and foreign)	9.39% (In 2018) (Total number of tourist visited is 519.90 lakh) (502.36 lakh Domestic and 17.54 foreign) and increase tourist (Domestic 9.41% and foreign 8.97%) (Tourism deptt. June, 2019)
8.9.2 Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs	8.9.2 Direct contribution of Tourism to total GDP and in growth rate	10.43% (Trade, Hotels & Restaurents GSVA at constant price 2011-12) (Economic review 2018-19)

Target 8.10 : Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.10.1(a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and (b) Number of automated teller machines (ATM's) per 100,000 adults.	8.10.1 Indicator on Financial Inclusion	May be availabel
8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile -money-service provider	8.10.2 Proportion of population having bank accounts	99.99% (Covered under PMJDY) (Proportion of adults (15 year and older) with an account at a bank or other finincial institution or with a mobile-mony-service provider) (IF department report 31.08.2019)
	8.10.3 Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population	38 (BC+Branch) (30-09-2019) (IF department report)
	8.10.4 Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population	14 ATMs per Lakh (31-08-2019) (IF department report)
	8.10.5 Number of Accounts with Nil/ 1-5/ more than 5 transactions	May be availabel

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.10.2: Proportion of population having bank accounts	99.99% (Covered under PMJDY) (Proportion of adults (15 year and older) with an account at a bank or other finincial institution or with a mobile-mony-service provider) (IF department report 31.08.2019)	Prime Minister Jan Dhan Yojana	No. of accounts opened under PMJDY	259.98 Lacs (31.08.2019) (IF department report)
		Prime Minister Mudra Yojana	No. of entrepreneurs (SC/ST/OBC/ Women) sanctioned credit	SC-212345 ST- 212345 OBC- 358331 WOMEN- 640750 (15.10.2019) (IF department report)
8.10.3: No. of Banking Outlets per 1,00,000 population	38 (BC+Branch) (30-09-2019) (IF department report)		No. of ATMs per 1,00,000 population;	14 ATMs per Lakh (30-06-2019) (IF department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			%age of population having access to mobile phone banking	May be available

Target 8.a : Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.a.1 Aid for trade commitments and discburse ments	National Indicator yet not	

Target 8.b : By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization.

8.b.1 Existence of a development and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy	8.b.1 Number of man days created under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	2942.46 lakh persons days generated (GoI website) 2018-19

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 By 2022-2023	Target By 2030
1.	Number of construction workers have been benefited under various BOCW schemes thus providing social protection system to man, women and children of all ages, who face poverty.	Appx. 35000	70,000	90,000	1,30,000
2.	Number of workers benefitied under Nirman Shramik, Sikshaavam kaushal vikas Yojna.	15,000	30,000	40,000	60,000
3.	Assistance to construct to Pakka House to SECC Benificiary	16.99 Lacs	6.75 Lacs	16.99 Lacs	
4.	Persons days Generations	2388 Lacs	2500 Lacs	3000 Lacs	3500 Lacs
5.	Number of Job card Holders Households under MGNREGA	60.24 Lacs	70.00 Lacs	75.00 Lacs	80.00 Lacs
6.	Number of Tourist visited	475.27 Lacs	500 Lacs	800 Lacs	1500 Lacs
7.	Number of Fairs and Festivals/Events Organised	40	50	55	60
8.	Number of development of tourist sites	24	30	35	50

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	RD(3)	2	8.8.4, 8.b.1	
2	RICCO	1	8.3.8	
3	IF(4)	6	8.3.9, 8.10.2, 8.10.3, 8.10.4	8.10.1, 8.10.5
4	Labour(6)	6	8.3.1, 8.5.1, 8.5.2, 8.5.3	8.5.6, 8.6.1
5	Police(8)	2	8.7.1, 8.7.2	
6	DES(14)	5	8.1.1, 8.2.3, 8.2.4, 8.3.3	8.2.1
7	Tourism(20)	2	8.9.1, 8.9.2	
8	LSG(36)	1		8.4.3
9	Energy(37)	1	8.4.1	
10	MoS&PI (40)	2		8.6.2, 8.8.2
11	Industries(41)	3	8.3.4, 8.3.7	8.3.5
12	S&T(45)	2	8.2.2, 8.3.6	
13	ESI(72)	2	8.3.2, 8.8.1	
14	SJE	1	8.5.5	
15	Factory and Boilers (84)	1	8.8.3	
16	DOP(100)	1		8.5.4
17	Rajasthan Urban Drinking Water Sewerage & Infarstructure Co. Ltd.(23)	1	8.4.4	
	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.	1		8.4.2
	Total	**40**	**29**	**11**

****

SDG-9 Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, Draft National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2km of an all-season road	9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2km of an all-season road	97.77% (31.03.2018) (PWD deptt. report 13-06-2019)
9.1.2 Passenger and flight volumes, by mode of transport.	9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport.	No of Air passengers-7581334 No of Aircraft movement- 67194 (2018-19) (As on portal: aai.aero)
	9.1.3 Gross capital formation by industry of use.	12931 crore (ASI Report 2014-15)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention /Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.1.1 : Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	97.77% (As per deptt. report 13-06-2019)	Prime Minister Gram Sadak Yojna (PMGSY)	Km. Constructed	49634 km (31.03.2019) (PWD deptt. report)
			No. of villages connected by all weather roads	10768 (31.03.2019) (PWD deptt. report)
		NHDP / Bharat mala	Km. of highways constructed	5 work awarded - 1039km Out of which 4 work started for 827 kms (31.03.2019) (PWD deptt. report)
			Total investment in the project	7000 crore (31.03.2019) (PWD deptt. report)
		Sagarmala	Increase in port capacity and vessel turnaround time	Not Applicable
			No. of ports (constructed/modernized)	Not Applicable
		DFC (Dedicated Freight Corridors) Railways	Total length of DFC constructed	May be Available
		DFC (Dedicated Flight Corridors) Railways	Total investment	May be Available

Target 9.2 : **Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries.**

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita	9.2.1 Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in Jaipur and Jodhpur cities (population weighted) in 2017 are as under: PM2.5- Jodhpur- 81.6, Jaipur-78.26 PM10- Jodhpur- 181.60, Jaipur-150.54 (PCB Deptt. report)
9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment	0.21 (6th Economic Census, 2013)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.2.2 : Employment in Manufacturing Sector as a proportion of total employment	0.21 (6th Economic Census 2013)	Make In India	Annual growth in manufacturing sector	May be available
		Startup India	No. of start ups benefitted by this intervention	State's startup "iStart" programme is working in sync. with Startup India. As of date 1400 startups are registered on the portal, 100 incubated across 4 Govt. owned and managed incubators, 85 funded from State Govt. own funds.
		Ease of Doing Business (EoDB)	FDI in India	Not Applicable

Target 9.3 : **Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets.**

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.3.1 Population of small scale industries in total industry value-added	9.3.1 Share of household sector in total industry value added	MoS&PI
9.3.2 Percentage/ proportion of credit flow to MSEs (as a Percentage of total adjusted net bank credit)	9.3.2 Percentage/ Proportion of credit flow to MSMEs (as a Percentage of total adjusted net bank credit)	23.34% (IF department report) (As on 31-08-2019)

Target 9.4 : **By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities.**

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.4.1 CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added	9.4.1 CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added	MoS&PI
	9.4.2 Energy use intensity of manufacturing value-added	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.4.1 : CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added	MoS&PI	FAME - Hybrid & Electric Vehicle	Incentives given under the scheme	Not applicable
		ZED (Zero Effect Zero Defect Scheme)	No. of MSMEs accessed and rated under the scheme	May be available

Target 9.5 : Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.5.1 research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP	9.5.1 Percentage share of expenditure in R&D to Total GDP	0.02% (S&T dep. report june, 2019)
9.5.2 Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million inhabitants	9.5.2 Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million inhabitants	MoS&PI
	9.5.3 Total number of patents issued	180 (S&T dep. report june, 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.5.1 : Percentage share of expenditure in R&D to Total GDP	0.02% (S&T dep. report june, 2019)	Atal Innovation Mission	No. of tinkering labs	264 https://www.aim.gov.in/
			No. of incubation centers	27 (IT Deptt. report 03.07.2019)
9.5.3: No. of Patents, IPR's issued	180 (S&T deptt. report june, 2019)	Start-Ups Intellectual Property Protection (SIPP)	No. of patents filed/IPR's issued	May be available

Target 9.a : Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.a.1 Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure	9.a.1 Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure	Not Applicable

Target 9.b :Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.b.1 Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added.	9.b.1 Share of Intellectual Property Products in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation	MoS&PI

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	9.b.2 Share of GVA of companies with research and development as main activity in total GVA from Private Corporate Sector	MoS&PI
	9.b.3 Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA	MoS&PI

Target 9.c : Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020.

Global Indicator	Draft National Indicator	Status
9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	47.39 (Per Hundered Population) Number of Internet Subscription as percentage of total population (TRAI Report March, 2019)
	9.c.2 No. of Broadband Subscribers per 10000 persons	4171 (TRAI Report March, 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.c.1 : Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	47.39% Number of Internet Subscription as percentage of total population (TRAI Report March. 2019	Digital India Bharatnet	No. of gram panchayat covered under Bharat net	8659 Gram panchayat covered under Bharat net (BBNL Website 26-8-2019)
			No. of Mobile connection per 100 population in rural and urban area	Total-84.62 Rural-57.47 Urban-169.06 (TRAI Report March, 2019)
			No. of internet connection in rural and urban areas	Total-35.97 Rural-15.57 Urban-20.40 In Million Internet subscribers (TRAI Report March, 2019)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023 **	Target : By 2030 ***
Roads					
1	National Highways	8,202	1,0173	13,332	18,332
2	Total Road length	226,854	242,646	250,584	329,502
3	Total Road Density per 100 sq.Km.	66.29	71	73.22	96
4	Total Road Density per Lakh Population @ 2011 census	331.17	354	365.82	481
5	Villages Connectivity - Total Hab. Villages- 43,264 - 2011 census	36,799	38,242	39,686	41,681
6	Villages Connectivity - Total Hab.Villages- 43,264 - 2011 census	85.06	88.39	91.73	96.34
7	State Highways-2 lane-	7259/47.02	7719/50	10035/65	13894/90
8	Major Disrict Roads- IML	2721/32.16	3385/40	4231/50	6770/80
9	District HQ Connectivity with Jaipur Capital -4 lane- Total 33 By NHAI	19	25	33	33

E. Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	DES(14)	4	9.1.3	9.3.1, 9.b.1, 9.b.3
2	Employment	1	9.2.2	
3	IF	1	9.3.2	
4	Transport(24) /Railway/ AAI	1	9.1.2	
5	PWD(25)	1	9.1.1	
6	PCB	1	9.2.1	
7	Energy	1		9.4.2
8	S&T(45)	2	9.5.1, 9.5.3	
9	TRAI (99)	2	9.c.1, 9.c.2	
10	MoS&PI	4		9.4.1, 9.5.2, 9.a.1, 9.b.2
	Total	18	10	8

****

SDG 10 Reduced Inequalities

Reduce ineqality within and among countries

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National indicators,Priority and Schematic)

Target 10.1 : By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40% of the population & the total population	10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 percent of the population and the total population	Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure of bottom 40% population MMRP Rural -17.92%, MMRP Urban -19.45% Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure % population MMRP Rural - 16.38%, MMRP Urban - 21.19% (As per 66 & 68th Round NSSO Report 2009-10 & 2011-12)
	10.1.2 Gini Coefficient of household expenditure.	MMRP 0.248 (Rural) MMRP 0.320 (Urban) (As per 68th Round NSSO Report 2011-12)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
10.1.1 : Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 percent of the population and the total population	Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure of bottom 40% population MMRP Rural -17.92%, MMRP Urban -19.45% Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure % population MMRP Rural - 16.38%, MMRP Urban - 21.19% (As per 66 & 68th Round NSSO Report 2009-10 & 2011-12)		Household Income, Household Expenditure(NSSO)	HH income is not available HH Per capita Exp. MMRP Rural - 1597.5 MMRP Urban -2442.4 (As per 68th Round NSSO Report 2011-12)

Target 10.2 : By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50% of medion income,by sex,age and persons with disabilities	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 prtcent of median household expenditure	MMRP 0.05 in Rural and 0.1 Urban (As per NSSO Report 68 Round)
	10.2.2 Proportation of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government	Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% Rajasthan assembly-12% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
	10.2.3 Proportion of persons from vulnerable groups in elected bodies	Lok sabha - SC - 16%, ST -12% Rajya Sabha - SC - %, ST -% Rajasthan assembly- SC -17 %, ST- 13% PR - SC -15.69 %, ST- 12.37% ULBs - SC -19.76 %, ST- 2.93% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
10.2.3: Proportaion of person from vulnerable group in Elected bodies	Lok sabha - SC - 16%, ST -12% Rajya Sabha - SC - %, ST -% Rajasthan assembly- SC -17 %, ST- 13% Panchyati Raj - SC -15.69 %, ST- 12.37% ULBs - SC -19.76 %, ST- 2.93% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)		Representation of SC/ST/OBC/ Women in PRI/ULB/State Legislative Assemblies/Parliament of India	**Women** Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% Rajasthan assembly-12% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% **SC & ST** Lok sabha - SC - 16%, ST -12% Rajya Sabha - SC - %, ST -% Rajasthan assembly- SC -17 %, ST- 13% Panchyati Raj - SC -15.69 %,ST- 12.37% ULBs - SC -19.76 %, ST- 2.93% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)

Target 10.3 : Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a grouped of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.4 : Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.4.1 Labour share of gdp,comprising wages and social protection transfers	10.4.1 Proportion of budget allocated to north eastern states	Not Applicable

Target 10.5 : Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.5.1 Financial sondness indicators	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.6 : Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.6.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of devloping contries in international organisations.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.7 : Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.7.1 Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportaion of yearly income earnd in contry of destination	National Indicator not yet evolved	
10.7.2 Number of countries that have implemented well-managed migration policies	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.a : Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.a.1 Proportaion of tariff lines apply to imports from least developed countries and developing countries with zero tariff	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.b : Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.b.1 Total resource flows for development,by recipient donor countries and type of flow (e.g. Official development assistant,foreign direct investment and other flows)	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.c : By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.c.1 Remittence costs as a proportion of the amount remitted.	10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted	Not applicable

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Election department (13)	2	10.2.2, 10.2.3	
2	DES(14)	3	10.1.1, 10.1.2, 10.2.1	
3	Not Applicable	2		10.4.1, 10.c.1
	Total	**7**	**5**	**2**

****

SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National Indicatorss, Priority and Schematic)

Target 11.1 : By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.1.1 proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing	11.1.1 Percentage of slums/Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable housing.	May be available
	11.1.2 : Percentage of Slum Area Covered with basic Services	May be available
	11.1.3 : Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing	12.13% (2011) (RUDSICO department report 06-08-2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.1.1 : Percentage of slums/ Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable housing.	May be available	PMAY (U)	% age HH covered in urban areas	66879-houses occupied 188436- House sanctioned 35.49% of houses occupied to houses sanctioned (http://mohua.gov.in/cms/progress-pmay.php)
		PMAY (U)	%age of slum areas covered	May be available

Target 11.2 : By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, person with disabilities and older persons.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Staus
11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	11.2.1 : Proportion of cities with efficient urban mobility and public transport	May be available

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.2.1 : Proportion of cities with efficient urban mobility and public transport	May be available	AMRUT - Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation	No. of cities covered/ investment	29 cities covered/ 14.61- crore investment (RUDSICO department Report)
			No. of low cost houses for EWS	127712 EWS (AHP+BLC) Project (RUDSICO department Report on 6 Aug. 2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			Fuel efficient public transport system (investment and number)	May be available
		SMART City Mission	Total investment in the mission	7,025 crore (RUDSICO Report)
			Total expenditure in the mission	450.51 crore (RUDSICO deptt. Report June 2019)
		Metro Rail Projects (MHUA)	No. of cities with metro rail projects	1 city (Jaipur)
			No. of cities in which metro rail project construction is ongoing	1 city (Jaipur)

Target 11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries.

Global indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.3.1 : ratio of land consumption rate of population growth rate.	11.3.1 : Proportion of cities with integrated development plans.	184/190 cities (UDH Department report 2016)
11.3.2 : proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically	11.3.2 : Share of mixed land use area in overall city land use	MoS&PI
	11.3.3 : Net density	MoS&PI

Target 11.4 : Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.4.1 Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage (cultural, natural, mixed and World Heritage Centre designation), level of government (national, regional, and local/municipal), type of expenditure (operating expenditure/investment) and type of private funding (donations in kind, private non-profit sector and sponsorship)	11.4.1 : Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings	Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings are: • 2016-17, 19 works costing to Rs 28.78 crore • 2017-18, 29 works costing to Rs 17.46 crore • 2018-19, 29 works costing to Rs 42.82 crore

Target 11.5 : By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	11.5.1 : Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	Total perosns dead due to Drifting/Drowning-07, Lightning-10 and Persons effected 72.5 lakh due to Extent of Scarcity in 2018.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.5.2 Direct economic loss in relation to global GDP, damage to critical infrastructure and number of disruptions to basic services, attributed to disasters		

Target 11.6 : By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.6.1 : Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities.	11.6.1 : Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities.	5200 ton/per day (LSG deptt. report Oct. 2018)
11.6.2 : Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	11.6.2 : Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	PM2.5- Jodhpur- 81.6, Jaipur-78.26 PM10- Jodhpur- 181.60, Jaipur-150.54 (2017) (PCB Deptt. report)
	11.6.3 : Number of days the levels of fine particulate matter (PM 2.5 and PM 10) above mean level	365 days (PCB department report, 2017)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.6.2 : Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	PM2.5- Jodhpur-81.6, Jaipur-78.26 PM10- Jodhpur-181.60, Jaipur-150.54 (2017) (PCB Deptt. report)	AMRUT	No. Of cities with waste management and sewage treatment plants	27 Out of 29 AMRUT cities waste management with the provision of 41 Sewage treatment Plants (STPS). 1 STP completed and remaining are under construction (RUDSICO department Report)
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection	Urban - 99% (LSG Department report 14.3.2019)

Target 11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	11.7.1 : Per Capita Availability of Green Spaces.	MoS&PI
11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months		

Target 11.a : Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.a.1 : Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city	11.a.1 : Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city	99% (UDH Department on 1 jan. 2016)

Target 11.b : By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.b.1 Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the sendai framework for disaster risk reduction 2015-30	11.b.1 : Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2031	Yes, State adopted disaster risk reduction strategies.
11.B.2 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies.	11.b.2 : Proportion of state and local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies	Yes, State have a disaster risk reduction strategies.

Target 11.c : Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.c.1 : Proportion of financial support to the construction and retrofitting of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings utilizing local materials.		

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Urban Population	99%	100%		

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Tourism(20)	1	11.4.1	
2	LSG(36)	1	11.6.1	
3	Disaster management and relief	3	11.5.1, 11.b.1, 11.b.2	
4	RUDSICO(Housing)	1	11.1.3	
5	UDH(21)	4	11.3.1, 11.a.1	11.1.1, 11.1.2
6	MoS&PI(40)	4		11.2.1, 11.3.2, 11.3.3, 11.7.1
7	PCB(44)	2	11.6.2, 11.6.3	
	Total	16	10	6

****

SDG 12 Sustainable Consumption And Production

Ensure Sustainable Consumption and production patterns

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National Indicators , Priority and Schematic)

Target 12.1 : Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.1.1 Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies	12.1.1 Formulation of national SCP framework and integration of SCP with national/state planning process	MoS&PI

Target 12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.2.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP	12.2.1 Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources	MoS&PI
12.2.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP		

Target 12.3 : **By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses**

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.3.1 Global food loss index	12.3.1 Per capita food availability	May be Available
	12.3.2 Post Harvest storage and Distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
12.3.2 : Post harvest storage and distribution losses of Central/states Pool stocks of wheat and rice	MoS&PI	National Mission on Food Processing (SAMPADA)	No. of new food processing units under Mega Food park	1 under implementation in Ajmer (Mofpi. portal 16.6.2019)
			No. of integrated cold chain	10 (4 complete and 6 ongoing (Mofp Annual report)
		Agriculture Market Infrastructure	Tonnage capacity of godowns	14.16 Lakh MT. (Economic review-2018-19)
		National Agri. Mkt. (NAM - Dept of Agri)	No. of wholesale markets with E-platform	25 Agriculture Produce Market Committees (Enam.gov.in portal)

Target 12.4 : By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.4.1 Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement	12.4.1 Developing national secondary resource policy framework.	MoS&PI
12.4.2 Hazardous waste generated per capita and proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment	12.4.2 Development of national policy for environmentally sound management of hazardous chemical and waste.	MoS&PI
	12.4.3 Implementation of National Action Plan for fulfilling obligations of various Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEA) ratified.	MoS&PI

Target 12.5 : By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.5.1 National recycling rate, tons of material recycled	12.5.1 Number of waste recycling plants installed.	Plant Running - 40 & Plants Under exeution - 19 (LSG Report Oct., 2019)
	12.5.2 Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques.	All ULB including 7 municipal corporation (LSG Report March, 2018)
	12.5.3 Number of municipal corporations banning use of plastic.	All ULB including 7 municipal corporation (LSG Report March, 2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
12.5.2 : Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques	All ULB including 7 municipal corporation (LSG Report March, 2018)	AMRUT	No. of cities with waste mgmt and sewage treatment plants	27 Out of 29 AMRUT cities waste management with the provision of 41 Sewage treatment Plants (STPS). 1 STP completed and remaining are under construction. (RUDSICO deptt. report)
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection	99% in Urban area (LSG department report)
		National River Conservation Prog	Creation of sewage treatment capacity	May be Available

Target 12.6 : Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports	12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports.	MoS&PI

Target 12.7 : Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.7.1 Number of countries implementing sustainable public procurement policies and action plans	12.7.1 Green public Procurement policy developed & adopted by the central ministries/ states /Uts (numbers)	MoS&PI

Target 12.8 : By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.8.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment	12.8.1 Develop icon on sustainable development.	Under development
	12.8.2 Government to Celebrate year on Sustainable development	MoS&PI

Target 12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.a.1 Amount of support to developing countries on research and development for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 12.b : **Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products**

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and implemented action plans with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools	12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and action plans implemented with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools.	In State following sustainable tourism strategies or policies and action plans are being implemented with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools • Raj. tourism policy 2015 & • Raj. Tourism trade act & rules 2010 & notifications • Projects proposed under Swadesh Darshan Scheme. • Other projects such as haritage, spritual, krishna, pushker ajmer circuits.

Target 12.c : **Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities**

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.c.1 Amount of fossil-fuel subsidies per unit of GDP (production and consumption) and as a proportion of total national expenditure on fossil fuels	12.c.1 Subsidy per unit of fossil fuel Consumption	May be Available
	12.c.2 Tax per unit of fossil fuel consumption	May be Available

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Agriculture	1		12.3.1
2	MoS&PI(40)	12		12.1.1, 12.2.1, 12.3.2, 12.4.1, 12.4.2, 12.4.3, 12.6.1, 12.7.1, 12.8.1, 12.8.2, 12.c.1, 12.c.2
3	LSG(36)	3	12.5.1, 12.5.2, 12.5.3	
4	Tourism(20)	1	12.b.1	
	Total	**17**	**4**	**13**

****

SDG 13 Climate Action

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 13.1 : Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters in all countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	13.1.1 Number of states with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events.	MoS&PI
13.1.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030		
13.1.3 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies		

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
13.1.1 : Number of states with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events.	MoS&PI	Nat. Action Plan on Climate Change	Effective Carbon trading	MoS&PI
			No. of States who have aligned their Disaster Management Plan with Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (2015-2030); Disaster Management Plan	Yes

Target 13.2 : Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.2.1 Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other)	13.2.1 Pre-2020 action Achievements of pre-2020 goals as per country priority.	MoS&PI

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	13.2.2 Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post-2020 period.	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
13.2.2 : Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution(NDC) Goals (reduce the emission intensity per unit of GDP by 33% to 35% by 2030 relative to its 2005 levels; Creating an additional carbon sink of 2.5-3 billion tonnes through additional tree cover; 40% of electric power installed capacity from non fossil fuel by 2030.)	MoS&PI	-	CO2 emission from energy (CO2/capita)	CO2 emission from Power Plant 23911886.61 (In Tonnes) 2017-18
	-	-	Effective carbon rate (Economic Survey of India)	MoS&PI

Target13.3 : Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.3.1 Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary, secondary and tertiary curricula	13.3.1 Number of States that have integrated climate mitigation and adaption in education curricula and outreach programs.	MoS&PI
13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed country parties to the united nations framework convention on climate change to a goal of mobilizing jointly $100 billion annually by 2020from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation action and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the green climate fund through its capitalization as soon as possible.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.a.1 Mobilized amount of United States dollars per year between 2020 and 2025 accountable towards the $100 billion commitment	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 13.b : Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing states, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.b.1 Number of least developed countries and small island developing States that are receiving specialized support, and amount of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change-related planning and management, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Avilable	Not available
1	MoS&PI(40)	4		13.1.1, 13.2.1, 13.2.2, 13.3.1
	Total	4		4

*****

SDG 14 Life Below Water

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National Indicators,Priority and Schematic)

Target 14.1 : By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.1.1 Health index of area of coastal water (percentage)	14.1.1 Health index of area of coastal water (percentage change)	Not applicable
	14.1.2 Number of sewage treatment plants installed along the coast and construction of toilets under Swachh Bharat Mission	Not applicable
	14.1.3 Percentage change in use of nitrogen fertilizers in the coastal states	Not applicable

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
14.1.2 : No of sewage treatment plants installed along the coast and construction of toilets under Swachh Bharat Mission	Not applicable	National Coastal Management Programme	Health index of area of costal water (M. of Earth Sciences)	Not applicable
			increase in marine protected areas	Not applicable
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection	99% in Urban area (LSG department report)
		Namami Gange	Capacity of sewage treatment plants created	Not applicable
			No. of industrial effluent monitoring stations	Not applicable

Target 14.2 : By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.2.1 Percentage change in area under mangroves	14.2.1 Percentage change in area under mangroves	Not applicable
	14.2.2 Implementation of Coastal Zone Regulation Notification of 2011	Not applicable
	14.2.3 Percentage change in Marine Protected Areas (MPA)	Not applicable

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
14.2.1 : Percentage change in area under mangroves	Not applicable	Conservation of Corals and Mangroves	%age change in area under mangroves	Not applicable

Target 14.3 : Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.3.1 Coral health index of Exclusive Environment Zone	14.3.1 Coral health index of Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ).	Not applicable

Target 14.4 : By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.4.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.4.1 Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) in fishing.	May be available

Target 14.5 : By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.5.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.5.1 Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas	Not applicable
	14.5.2 Percentage change in area under mangroves	Not applicable

Target 14.6 : By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.6.1 The Indicator is being developed	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 14.7 : By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.7.1 The Indicator is being developed	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 14.a : Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.a.1 Allocation of budget resources for research as per the EEZ or coastline	14.a.1 Allocation of budget resources for research as per the EEZ or coastal line	Not applicable

Target 14.b : Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.b.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.b.1 Assistance to the traditional / artisanal fishers for procurement of FRP boats and other associated fishing implements	Not applicable

Target 14.c : Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of "The Future We Want".

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.c.1 Percentage compliance of international laws	14.c.1 Percentage compliance of international laws	Not applicable

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Fisheries department	1		14.4.1
2	Not Applicable	12		14.1.1, 14.1.2, 14.1.3, 14.2.1, 4.2.2, 14.2.3, 14.3.1, 14.5.1, 14.5.2, 4.a.1, 14.b.1, 14.c.1
	Total	13		13

****

SDG 15 Life On Land

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 15.1 : By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreements.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total land area	15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total land area	9.59% (Forest administration report 2018-19)
15.1.2proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type	15.1.2 Percentage of tree outside forest (TOF) in total forest cover.	33.28% (Forest administration report 2018-19)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.1.1 : Forest area as a proportion of total land area	9.59% (Forest administration report 2018-19)	Integrated Development of Wildllife Habitats	Area covered under protected habitats	9959.89 Sq./Km (2018-19) (Forest dept. report)
		Conservation of Natural Resources and Ecosystem	Total area covered under afforestation	20292 sq.Km. (Upto Jan,2019) (Forest dept. report)
		Nat. River Conservation Programme/ Namami Gange	Capacity of sewage treatment plants created	Not applicable

Target 15.2 : By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.2.1progress towards sustainable forest management	15.2.1 Percentage change in Forest Area Coverage.	0.24% (Forest dept. information dated 01.04.2019)
	15.2.2 Total area covered under different afforestation schemes	20292 Sq. Km (Upto Jan,2019) (Forest deptt. report)
	15.2.3 Total tree cover achieved outside forest area	8266 Sq. Km. (Forest administration report 2018-19)
	15.2.4 Number of nagar vans and school nurseries created.	9 (2018-19) (Forest deptt. report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.2.3 : Total tree cover achieved outside forest area	8266 Sq. Km. (Forest administration report 2018-19)	National Mission for a Green India	Total tree cover achieved outside forest area	8266 Sq. Km. (Forest administration report 2018-19)

Target 15.3 : By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.3.1Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area	15.3.1 Percentage of degraded area restored.	12154 Sq/Km. (Forest dept. report)
	15.3.2 Increasing Tree/Forest cover in degraded area	May be Available
	15.3.3 Percentage increase in net sown area	0.80% (Agricultural Statistics 2016-17)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.3.2 : Increasing Tree / forest cover in d--egraded area	May be available	Integrated Water Shed Management Programme	Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area	May be available
		National Mission for a Green India		
15.3.3 Percentage increase in net sown area	0.80% (Agricultural Statistics 2016-17)			

Target 15.4 : By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.4.1Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity	15.4.1 Increase in forest / vegetative cover in mountain areas	MoS&PI
15.4.2 Mountain green cover index	15.4.2 Restoration of waterbodies / stream in mountain areas	MoS&PI
	15.4.3 Conservation of local wildlife species	MoS&PI
	15.4.4 Increase in per capita income of mountain dwellers.	Not Applicable

Target 15.5 : Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.5.1 Red list index	15.5.1 Red list index	MoS&PI

Target 15.6 : Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.6.1 Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits	15.6.1 Number of access and benefit sharing (ABS) agreements signed.	MoS&PI

Target 15.7 : Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.7.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked	15.7.1 Percentage Reduction in traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked.	-9.47% (2017) 20.50% Reduction in Number of Cases Reported Wildlife Protection Act, 1972) Crime in India, 2016

Target 15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.8.1 Proportion of countries adopting relevant national legislation and adequately resourcing the prevention or control of invasive alien species	15.8.1 Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species	MoS&PI

Target 15.9 : By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with aichi biodiversity target 2 of the strategic plan for biodiversity 2011-2020	15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the strategies plan for Biodiver-sity 2011-2020	MoS&PI

Target 15.a : Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.a.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems	15.a.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and eco system.	MoS&PI

Target 15.b : **Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation**

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.b.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems	15.b.1 Percentage of fund utilized for environmental conservation.	MoS&PI

Target 15.c : Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.c.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked	15.c.1 Number of detection and prevention of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked.	208 (M.I.-Number of Cases Reported Wildlife Protection Act, 1972) Crime in India, 2017

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Forest(16)	8	15.1.1, 15.1.2, 15.2.1, 15.2.2, 15.2.3, 15.2.4, 15.3.1	15.3.2
2	Police	2	15.7.1, 15.c.1	
3	Agriculture	1	15.3.3	
4	MoS&PI(40)	9		15.4.1, 15.4.2, 15.4.3, 15.5.1, 15.6.1, 15.8.1, 15.9.1, 15.a.1, 15.b.1
	Not Applicable	1		15.4.4
	Total	21	10	11

****

SDG 16 Peace, Justice and Strong Institution

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global , National Indicators , Priority and Schematic)

Target 16.1 : Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 populations.	2.0 (Crime In India, 2017)
16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause	16.1.2 Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months.	42.87 (Crime Report 2017)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.1.2 Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	42.87 (Crime Report 2017)			

Target 16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month	16.2.1 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	Male- 2.20 Female - .014 Total - 1.21 (Crime in India, 2017)
16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	16.2.2 Proportion of crime committed against children during the year. (per lakh children)	18.2 (Crime in India, 2017)
16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18?29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18	16.2.3 Number of missing children	2416 (Crime in India, 2017)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.2.1 : Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	Male- 2.20 Female - .014 Total - 1.21 (Crime in India, 2017)	National Child Labour Project (NCLP)	No. of children rehabilitated and rescued under NCLP	59,473 (Labour Administrative report.2018-19)

Target 16.3 : Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms	16.3.1 Number of courts per lakh population	1.53 (2018) (Rajasthan High court Annual report 2018)
16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population	16.3.2 Number of judges (all levels) per lakh population.	Working - 1.50 Sanctioned - 1.84 (2018) (Rajasthan High court Annual report 2018)

Target 16.4 : By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward illicit financial flows (in current united states dollars)	16.4.1 Number of cases under the arms act	6382 (Crime In India, 2017)
16.4.2 Proportion of seized small arms and light weapons that are recorded and traced, in accordance with international standards and legal instruments	16.4.2 Value of property stolen & recovered and percentage recovery	Stolen property - 237.4 Crore Recovered property - 125.1 Crore Percentage Recovery of Stolen Property - 52.7% (Crime In India, 2017)

Target 16.5 : Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	16.5.1 Persons arrested in total cognizable crime cases under offences under prevention of corruption act and related sections of indian penal code (IPC).	457 (Crime in India, 2017)
16.5.2 Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months		

Target 16.6 : Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.6.1 Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar)	16.6.1 Number of government services provided online to citizens.	106 (e-taal portal - as per Metadata) 502 + Services (As on June,2019) (As per IT department report)
16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services	16.6.2 Percentage of RTI queries responded.	94.31% (RTI department report, 2016-17)
	16.6.3 Number of applications filed with institutions coming under Right To Information act.	1,96,447 (RTI department report, 2016-17)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.6.1 : Number of Government services provided online to citizens.	106 (e-taal portal - as per Metadata) 502 + Services (As on June,2019) (As per IT department report)	Digi Locker	No. of registered users	486468 (DigiLocker dashboard as on 21.09.2019) 54228480 E-Vault (IT department report)

Target 16.7 : Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions	16.7.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, state legislation and local self government	Lok sabha -12% Rajya Sabha - 0% Rajasthan assembly-12% Panchyati Raj - 56.49% ULBs - 19.15% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)
16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group	16.7.2 Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies	Lok sabha - SC - 16%, ST -12% Rajya Sabha - SC - %, ST -% Rajasthan ass. SC -17 %, ST- 13% PR - SC -15.69 %, ST- 12.37% ULBs - SC -19.76 %, ST- 2.93% (DLB & PRI department report and rajasthan assembly portal)

Target 16.8 : Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age	16.9.1 Percentage of births registered.	94.4% (Vital Statistics of India based on the civil Registration System, 2017)
	16.9.2 Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar.	96% (IT department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.9.2 : Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar.	96% (As per IT department report)	UIDAI	Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar	96% (IT department report)
			No. of services routed through Aadhaar	56 (IT department report)
		RGI	State wise no. of Birth registration	1689409 (As per vital report 2017)

Target 16.10 : Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months	16.10.1 Percentage of RTI queries responded.	94.30% (RTI dep. report 2016-17)
16.10.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information		

Target 16.A : Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the paris principles	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 16.B : Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.b.1proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Percentage of RTI queries responded		100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time
2.	Number of applications filled with institutions coming under Right to information Act		100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time
3	50 percent reservation of women Elected REpresentatives in PRIs	70531 (56.49%)	50%	50%	50%
4.	Reservation of SC/ST population proportion in Elected Representatives in PRIs	SC-19590 (15.69%) ST-15428 (12.37%)	SC-17.16% ST-12.56%	SC	17.16% ST

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Police(8)	8	16.1.1, 16.1.2, 16.2.1, 16.2.2, 16.2.3, 16.4.1, 16.4.2, 16.5.1	
2	HC(9)	2	16.3.1, 16.3.2	
3	IT(10)	2	16.6.1, 16.9.2	
4	RTI(11)	3	16.6.2, 16.6.3, 16.10.1	
5	Election department	2	16.7.1, 16.7.2	
6	DES(14)	1	16.9.1	
	Total	18	18	0

****

SDG 17 Partnerships For The Goals

Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global ,National Indicators,Priority and Schematic)

Target 17.1 : Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source		
17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes		

Target 17.2 : Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.2.1 Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI)		

Target 17.3 : Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.3.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI), official development assistance and South-South Cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget		
17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP		

Target 17.4 : Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as ppropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services		

Target 17.5 : Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.5.1 Number of countries that adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries		

Target 17.6 : Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation andenhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.6.1 Number of science and/or technology cooperation agreements and programmes between countries, by type of cooperation.		
17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed.		

Target 17.7 : Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.7.1Total amount of approved funding for developing countries to promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies		

Target 17.8 : Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacitybuilding mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the internet		

Target 17.9 : Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.9.1 Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries		

Target 17.10 : Promote a universal, rules-based, open, nondiscriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.10.1 Worldwide weighted tariff-average		

Target 17.11 : Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.11.1 Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports		

Target 17.12 : Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.12.1 Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States.		

Target 17.13 : Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.13.1 Macroeconomic Dashboard		

Target 17.14 : Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.14.1 Number of countries with mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development.		

Target 17.15 : Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.15.1 Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation .		

Target 17.16 : Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.16.1 Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals.		

Target 17.17 : Encourage and promote effective public, publicprivate and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.17.1 Amount of United States dollars committed to public-private and civil society partnerships.		

Target 17.18 : By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.		
17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics		
17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding		

Target 17.19 : By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.19.1Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries.		
17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration .		

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator		
1				

****

Directorate of Economic & Statistics, Planning Department
Yojana Bhawan Tilak Marg C-Scheme, Rajasthan, Jaipur